

**Definition:** Controlled burning also known as prescribed burning involves setting planned fires to maintain the health of a forest.

2. Water pollution- is another type of environmental problems that are common around the world. It is defined with the contamination of water bodies. We know that water is one of the most essential natural resources on earth. It has more than two-thirds covered with water. It is true that the amount of water that is distributed to oceans, lakes and rivers are high. But only about 0.3% is accessible for human consumption. As commercialization and also industrialization have progressed, this number continues to decrease. Furthermore, lack of awareness and inefficient practices have led to water pollution. Main causes for water pollution are the toxic chemicals and trash cans pollute the water bodies. These bring to water pollution which is not only harmful for humans but the whole ecosystem. Studies show that about 6 billion kilograms of trash is thrown away to the ocean every year.

3. Deforestation - cutting down the trees, clearing or thinning of forests by humans. It is cleared that nowadays most of the people want to cut down the trees for wood or simply for making money (for business issues). In the practice of clear-cutting, all of the trees are removed from the land which completely destroys the forest. In many cases, however, even partial logging and accidental fires also can be cause to deforestation.

4. Climate change - is also another problem for the environment. It is a change in the average conditions such as temperature and rainfall - in one region over a long period of time. Scientists say that Earth's surface is relatively warming and this type of warmest years have happened over the past 20 years. Five main effects of climate change 1) more health risks 2) Not enough food 3) Increased drought 4) Hotter temperatures 5) Loss of species. These are the only 5 effects of climate change. However, they are more than 10. I think to know about only 5 is enough to be more informed about the impacts of this. Climate or weather? Which one is right? People sometimes change the word of climate with weather. However, we should know that climate is totally different from weather because it is measured over a long period of time. While weather can change from day to day or from year to year. The main cause of climate change is human activity such as burning fossil fuels like natural gas, oil and gases into Earth's atmosphere. Also, in polar regions the warming global temperatures also connected with climate change. In simply, I should tell that climate change is the long term alteration of temperature

5. Greenhouse effect - is a process which happens gases in Earth's atmosphere trap the Sun's heat. This type of process makes Earth much warmer without the heating caused by greenhouse effect, Earth's average surface temperature would be only about -18 gradus (0 F). On Venus very high concentration of carbon dioxide in the atmosphere causes on extreme greenhouse effect resulting in surface temperatures as high as 450 gradus.

How can we solve these environmental problems or Is it better? If we live with this type of problems? What other countries are doing in order to reduce the negative impacts of these process?

Firstly, I am going to give a solution for air pollution because it is one of the most difficult problem to solve. However, If we try to find a solution, we will be able to solve. First solution would be changing the transportation or tell the people to use less from the transport. We know that nowadays, almost everyone has own car that release harmful gases to the air. It might be huge negative impact to the planet in the future. If all people took public transport instead of private cars, it would be beneficial not only for the environment, but we can also save the money that we spend to the fuel. Nowadays, in Uzbekistan, a litre benzine is 1.29\$(14.500 sum), If we compare compare this with the fare of the bus it is relatively high. Maybe, people know or not, but If we inform them about these problems and also the possible ways through the TV, social media like Youtube, Telegram, Instagram and so on. We know that almost every time we have to watch different ads I cannot say we shouldnot see these ads however, it will be better If we put ads about the ways of preventing the environmental problems like air pollution. In orde to prevent water pollution people shouldnot throw the trash to the river or oceans instead of doing this they cab pick up litter and throw it away in a garbage can. In addition to this, nowadays, many people wash their car or outdoor equipments to a place where it can flow to a gravel or grassy area insted of a street. Third solutiin for global water and other problems that is relat to this. These type of problems stems from greenhouse gases, harmful fumes. So, we should reduce the amount of these kind of gases or fumes.

What are the countries doing to prevent these problems?

The UK, Norway, France and New Zealand are some of the countries that have legally committed to reach net zero emissions by 2050. In these days, almost all countries are trying to mitigate these problems. But, here, I am going to list the most environmentally friendly countries 1. Switzerland - As per the environment protection Index, it is ranked as one

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|-----------|-----------------|
| 2. Sweden | 5. Finland      |
| 3. Norway | 6. Denmark      |
| 4. Japan  | 7. New Zealand. |

Finland is one of the eco-friendly country because it has low population density and teir natural environment is comparitively unspoilt. The fruits of successful environmental policies are clearly visible around the country. Most of the lakes and rivers have been cleaned up. Furthermore, air quality has improved greatly around industrial locations. Sweden is the best for reducing carbon emissions in buildings. The Netherlands is a leader in transport, over 30% of personal trips taken by bicycle. When it comes Uzbekistan, it is also taking systematic measures to mitigate effects of climate change. In our country (Uzbekistan) one of the main challenges of our time is climate

change. Experts predict a further increase in global warming trends, entailing a complex of interrelated problems of food, environmental, water and economic security, writes Marat Aitov, Head of Department for the institute for strategic and regional studies under the President of Republic of Uzbekistan. According to UN over the past 20 years, more than 1.2 million people have died because of natural disasters. The economic damage from the reached \$3 trillion. Countries are spending more and more money to these problems include Uzbekistan. Because Uzbekistan and other Central Asian states are more susceptible among other countries to environmental disasters. Therefore, Uzbekistan are taking some measures to prevent the challenges. In particular, a number of conceptual documents have been adopted over the past years"-The concept of environmental protection till 2030", "The strategy for the transition of the republic to a "green" economy for the period 2019-2030", "The concept of development of the water sector of Uzbekistan for 2020-2030". Uzbekistan plans to introduce water-saving technologies including drip irrigation in order to prevent water pollution. This type of measurements a lot however I mentioned only the most important ones.

#### REFERENCE:

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## СПЕЦИФИКА ЖАНРОВЫХ ПУТЕВЫХ ПРОИЗВЕДЕНИЙ

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**Аннотация:** Данная статья посвящена проблеме изучения специфики жанровых путевых произведений. Термин «путевые произведения» включает в себя тексты, отличающиеся жанровым и стилистическим разнообразием. Это могут быть художественные, научные или публицистические произведения, созданные в форме очерка, эссе, легенды, рассказа, реализованные в эпистолярном, мемуарном, биографическом или дневниковом дискурсе.

**Ключевые слова:** путевые записки, эволюция жанра, литература, классификация, современность, путевые произведения.

Черты литературных путешествий оказали влияние и на современный публичный дискурс. Особенность жанра путевых заметок состоит в некоторых художественных допущениях, которые возможны и в современных средствах массовой информации. То есть наличие художественного вымысла можно считать жанровым признаком путевых произведений, несмотря на нежелательное присутствие недостоверных сведений. К тому же выводу приходит ряд исследователей, в частности, В.А. Шачкова, выделяющая литературные «путешествия» в самостоятельный жанр «художественной литературы, атрибутивные признаки которого проявляются в принципе жанровой свободы, особой роли образа автора, присутствии документальных элементов наряду с художественным вымыслом, синтетичности, предполагающей включение в текст элементов других жанров (дневника, письма, репортажа, анекдота, автобиографии)»[1]. Такое понимание жанра объясняет его синтетическую природу, способность к трансформации, наличие межжанровых образований.

С этой точки зрения путевые записки можно рассматривать как одну из форм литературного путешествия, следовательно, можно предположить, что путевые записки обладают основными жанровыми признаками литературных путешествий, то есть сама специфика жанра предполагает присутствие таких категорий, как персонификация образа автора и допустимость художественного вымысла.

Присутствие непроверенных сведений отмечается в ранних путевых записках о Бухарском, Хивинском и Кокандском ханстве. Объясняется это тем фактом, что значительную часть сведений авторы путевых записок сообщали с чужих слов. Однако реальную степень художественного вымысла в путевых записках определить