

COMMUNICATION CONCEPTS PROVIDED BY TEACHERS TO STUDENTS IN
TEACHING FOREIGN LANGUAGES

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Abstract: *This article will tell you about the concepts of communication provided by teachers to students during the language learning process. The article specifies important ideas and basic changes that contribute to the understanding of communication concepts. Communication concepts help in developing students' communication skills, learning their language, and expressing their opinions. Using this article, educators can, in the language learning process, help students improve good communication skills, strengthen relationships, and effectively achieve goals. [1]*

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INTRODUCTION

Communication concepts refer to the fundamental ideas and principles that underlie the process of exchanging information, ideas, and messages between individuals or groups. These concepts help us understand how communication works and how it can be effective. Some key communication concepts include:

- **Sender and Receiver:** Communication involves a sender who initiates the message and a receiver who receives and interprets the message.
- **Message:** The information or ideas being conveyed through communication.
- **Encoding and Decoding:** The process of converting thoughts and ideas into a form that can be transmitted (encoding) and then interpreting and making sense of the received message (decoding).
- **Channels:** The various methods or mediums used to transmit the message, such as face-to-face conversation, phone calls, emails, or social media platforms.
- **Feedback:** The response or reaction from the receiver, which helps the sender gauge the effectiveness of their message.
- **Noise:** Any interference or barriers that can disrupt or distort the communication process, such as physical distractions, language barriers, or emotional biases.
- **Context:** The surrounding circumstances, environment, and cultural factors that influence the meaning and interpretation of the message.

Understanding these communication concepts can help individuals and organizations improve their communication skills, enhance their relationships, and achieve their goals more effectively. [2]

DISCUSS

Teachers provide various communication concepts to students when teaching foreign languages. Some of these concepts include:

- **Oral Communication:** Teachers focus on developing students' speaking and listening skills through activities such as conversations, role plays, and oral presentations. They encourage students to practice speaking in the target language and provide feedback to improve pronunciation and fluency.

- **Written Communication:** Teachers teach students how to write effectively in the target language through exercises such as letter writing, essay composition, and creative writing. They provide guidance on grammar, vocabulary, and structure to help students express their thoughts clearly in writing.

- **Listening Comprehension:** Teachers provide listening exercises, such as audio recordings, dialogues, and videos, to improve students' ability to understand spoken language. They teach strategies for effective listening, such as identifying main ideas, understanding context, and recognizing specific details.

- **Reading Comprehension:** Teachers select texts and reading materials suited to students' language proficiency level. They guide students in developing reading strategies, such as skimming, scanning, and inference, to understand and interpret written texts in the target language.

- **Vocabulary and Grammar:** Teachers introduce new vocabulary and grammar rules to students, providing explanations, examples, and practice exercises. They help students expand their vocabulary, understand word usage, and apply grammatical structures correctly in both spoken and written language.

- **Cultural Awareness:** Teachers integrate cultural aspects into language learning, exposing students to the customs, traditions, and cultural nuances of the target language. This helps students develop cultural sensitivity and understanding, enabling them to communicate appropriately in different cultural contexts.

- **Non-Verbal Communication:** Teachers teach students about non-verbal cues, such as body language, facial expressions, and gestures, that are important in effective communication. They help students understand and interpret non-verbal signals, improving their ability to communicate and interact with native speakers.

These communication concepts provide a comprehensive approach to language learning, enabling students to develop all aspects of communication in the target language. By incorporating these concepts into their teaching, teachers help students become proficient and confident in using the foreign language in real-life situations. [3]

CONCLUSION

Teachers play an important role in language learning by teaching students the concepts of communication. These concepts are a major part of language learning for students, as communication is done through language. Understanding these concepts helps students in the learning process express their opinions, communicate and translate them with other people. They promote more efficient and easier language learning. [4]

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