

**CHRONIC URTICARIA (ESHAKEM) PATIENTS BASED ON ANAMNESTIC  
DATA**

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**Abstract:** Taking into account the above-mentioned cases, in order to effectively treat patients, the following recommendations were made in order to simultaneously combat the diseases that appear in addition to the main disease, as well as the general principles of treatment of acne.

**Keywords:** urticaria, allergic, toxic character, mucous membranes.

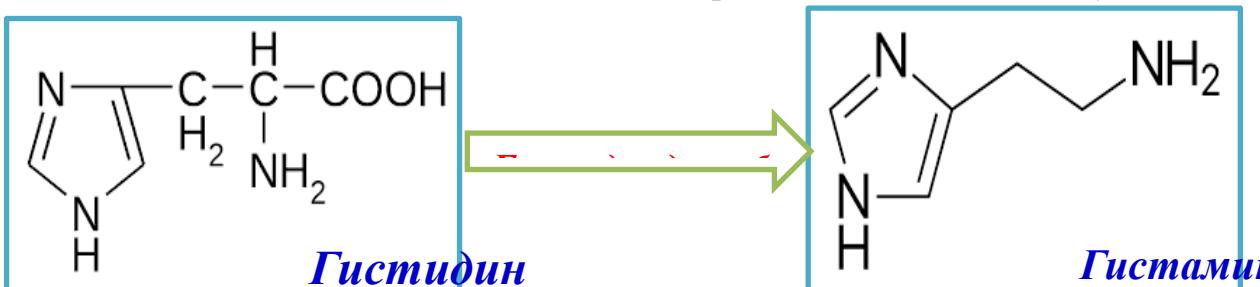
**Symptoms:** Urticaria is a disease with an allergic and toxic character, which manifests itself as a rash and strong itching on the skin, and in rare cases, on the mucous membranes.

Factors that cause hives

Exogenous factors:

1. Physical
2. Temperature
3. Mechanical
4. Chemical
5. Medicines

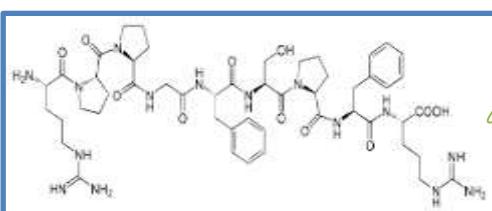
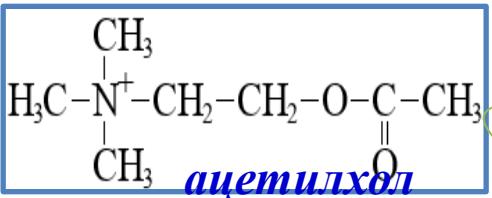
Endogenous factors: 1. Internal organs (OIT, liver diseases) 2. Central nervous system activity disorders Etiological Factors of hypersensitivity slowly type by developing in the body histamine of substances causing accumulation – will come Histamine histidine decarboxylase enzyme effect It is formed from the amino acid histidine, which forms blood vessels expands and conductivity increases.



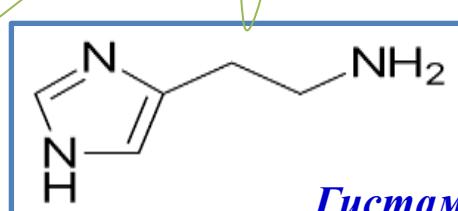
Of this as a result Swelling occurs in the papillary layer of the dermis and this the appearance of bumps on the skin to be taken will come



Histamine reservoir fat cells and basophils, where they are bound to intracellular proteins by peptide bonds and protease enzyme under the influence of free will be of protease activation while this "Antigen-antibody reaction" ( ie fixed in fat cells antibodies with of the antigen merger ) is a process. Antigen-antibody reaction» as a result, slow-acting substances that potentiate the effects of histamine are formed: serotonin, acetylcholine, bradykinins.



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ін**



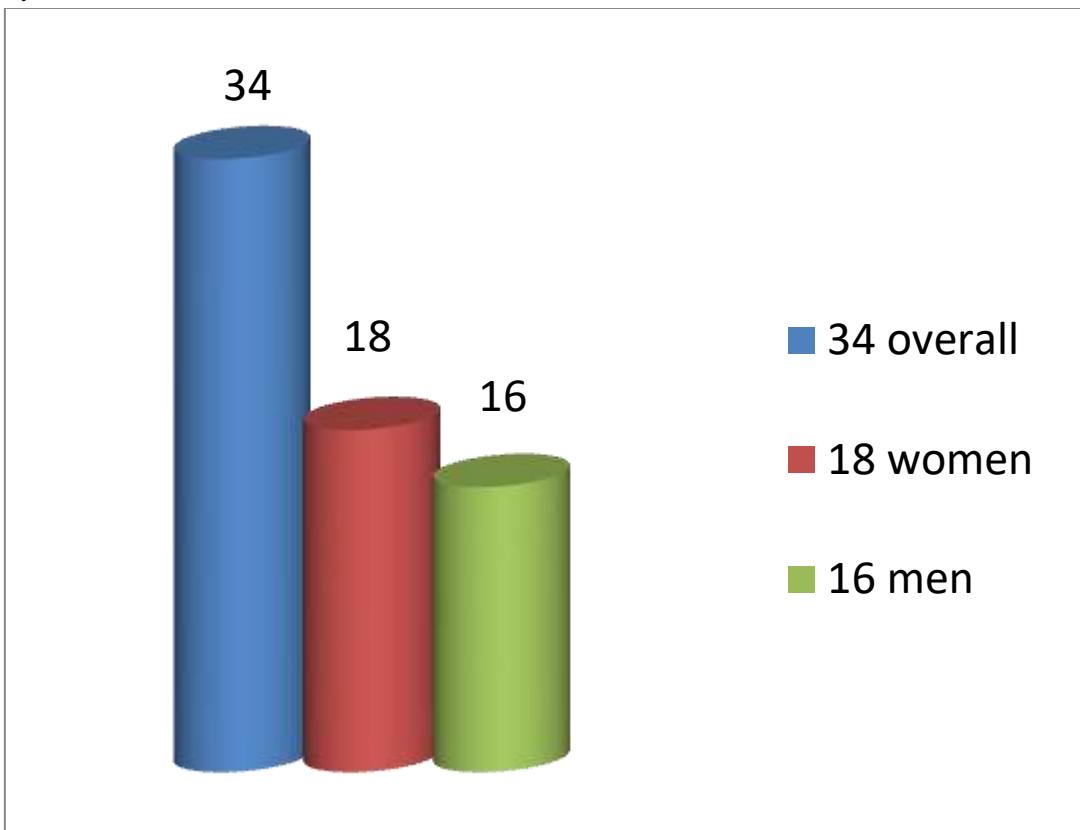
**Chronic relapsing my ass Gastrointestinal tract ( OIT ) and liver due to diseases , chronic infection foci long time of the organism sensitization as a result develops aggressive one how many months and crying continue enough , rashes scattered settling**

down, the disease lamb of the body in various fields rashes overflow with observed, with remission for different periods is exchanged.

**The purpose of the work:** to use the most effective treatment tactics based on anamnestic data in patients with chronic relapsing urticaria.



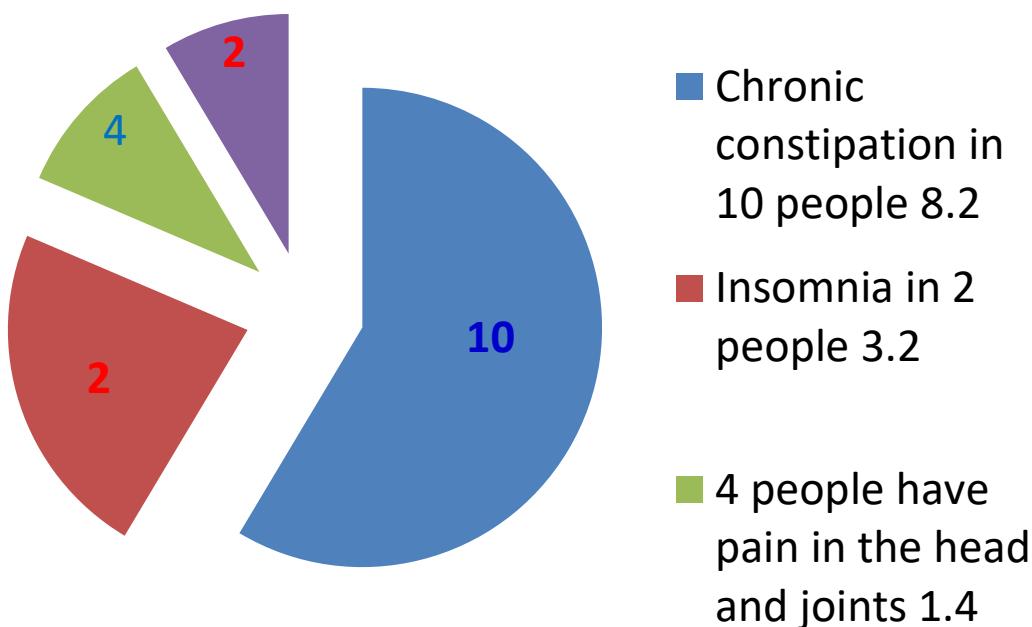
**Materials and methods:** 34 patients were under our observation, aged between 30-50 years, married with children, and it was known that they had this disease for an average of 2-4 years .



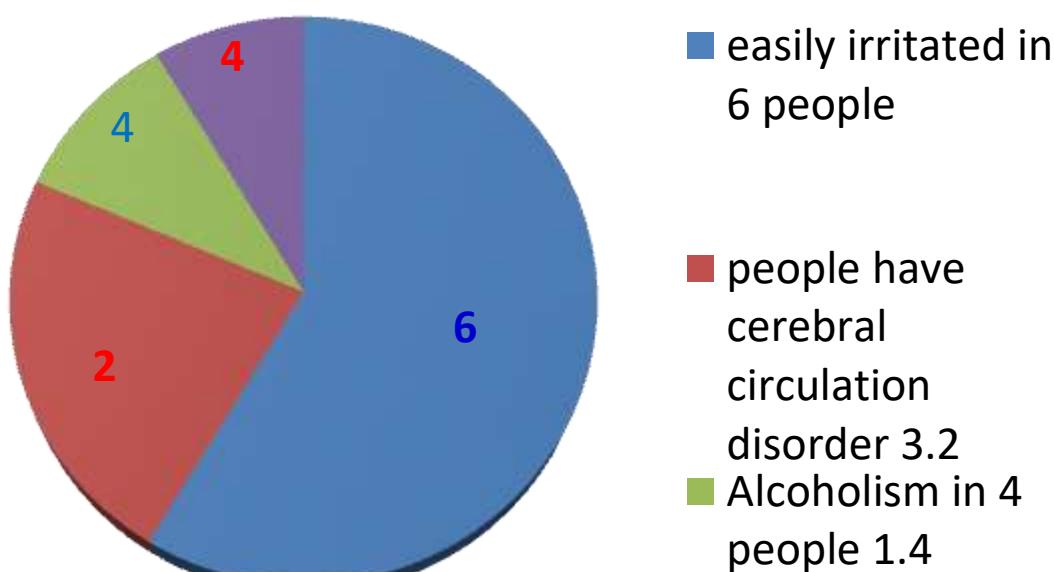
During the interview with the patients, the following most important information was revealed. That is, they received several injections of Thiosulfate-Na, Suprastin, Lordes, Reosorbilact, Dexamethasone, and 4 women 2 times, and 6 men 3 times Diprospan injections . In almost all patients, the symptoms of the disease recurred after a brief cessation during and after treatment. Patients underwent clinical laboratory

examinations (general blood count, urinalysis, biochemical blood analysis, ultrasound diagnostics, additional expert examinations according to the instructions.

### 18 people women from among



### 16 people men from among



Taking into account the above-mentioned cases, in order to effectively treat patients, the following recommendations were made in order to simultaneously combat

the diseases that appear in addition to the main disease, as well as the general principles of treatment of acne:

### **АЁЛЛАРГА ҚУЙИДАГИЧА**

#### **ТАВСИЯ БЕРИЛДИ**

| <b>Бемор лар сони</b> | <b>Умумий тавсиялар</b>  | <b>Күшімчы касалық лари</b>            | <b>Күшімчы тавсиялар</b>   |
|-----------------------|--|--|--|
| 10 нафар аёл          | Антистамин препараттары, десенсибилизаторы, тинкаптитручи воситалар, адсорбенттар, пархездар | Сурункали қабзият                      | “Дюофалак” 15 мл дан (1 пакетдан) кунига 3 маҳал, суткалик 45 мл ( 3 пакет) ич келиши түлиқ тикланғунча, сұнг 15 мл (1 пакет) дан кунига 1 маҳал ушлаб турувчи доза сифатида |
| 2 Нафар аёл           |  | үйкусизлик                             | “персен-ночь” 2 капсуладан кечкүрүн үйкүдан олдин 4 хафта мобайнида, сұнgra ушлаб турувчи доза сифатида 1 капсуладан кечкүрүн үйкүдан олдин 4 хафта мобайнида,               |
| 4 Нафар аёл           |  | Жигілжөдөн кайнашы, диспептик белгилар | “Оменпразол” 20 мг капсуладан әрталаб овқатдан олдин 6 хафта мобайнида кабул қилиш   |
| 2 Нафар аёл           |  | Холецисто панкреатит                   | “Мезим-форте” 2 таблеткадан кунига 1 маҳал овқат вактида кабул қилиб юриш тавсия этилди.   |

### **ЭРКАКЛАРГА ҚУЙИДАГИЧА**

#### **ТАВСИЯ БЕРИЛДИ:**

| <b>Бемор лар сони</b> | <b>Умумий тавсиялар</b>  | <b>Күшімчы касалық лари</b>                        | <b>Күшімчы тавсиялар</b>   |
|-----------------------|--|--|--|
| 6 нафар эркак         | Антистамин препараттары, гепатопротекторы, десенсибилизаторы, тинкаптитручи воситалар, адсорбенттар, пархездар | Тезда асабийлашиш, үйкусизлик ва сурункали қабзият | “Персен-ночь” 2 капсуладан кечкүрүн үйкүдан олдин 4 хафта мобайнида, сұнgra ушлаб турувчи доза сифатида 1 капсуладан кечкүрүн үйкүдан олдин 4 хафта мобайнида, “Дюофалак” 15 мл дан (1 пакетдан) кунига 3 маҳал, суткалик 45 мл ( 3 пакет) ич келиши түлиқ тикланғунча сұнг 15 мл (1 пакет) дан кунига 1 маҳал ушлаб турувчи доза сифатида |
| 2 Нафар эркак         |  | Доимий бөш оғриши                                  | “тиоцетам” 25%- 10,0 вена ичига кунига 1 маҳал 10 кун, Винпоцетин 1 таблеткадан кунига 3 маҳал овқатдан сұнг 2 хафта мобайнида (невропатолог күргиги асосида)  |
| 4 Нафар эркак         |  | спиртли ичимлик ларга ружү қўйинш                  | соглом турмуш тарзига қатый риоя қилиш ва пархез сақлаш мухимлиги тушунтирилди ва доимий назоратда бўлди.  |
| 4 Нафар эркак         |  | Кашан далик  | соглом турмуш тарзига қатый риоя қилиш ва пархез сақлаш мухимлиги тушунтирилди. ва доимий назоратда бўлди.   |

**АЁЛЛАРДА ҚУЙИДАГИЧА НАТИЖЛАР**

**КУЗАТИЛДИ:**

|                             |  |
|-----------------------------|--|
| <b>10<br/>нафар<br/>аёл</b> | 10 нафар аёлдаги сурункали ич қотиши ҳолати берилған тавсиямзининг 4-күнларидан сүнг ич келиши нормаллашғанлығы, шунингдек теридаги тошмалар кескин камайғанлығы, тери қічиши ва умумий кайфияттарыннан хам яхшиләниб бораётғанлығы күзатылды. Даволанишининг 10-кунига келганида эса тери қічиши бутунлай түхтаб, тошмалар чиқиши аникланмады   |
| <b>2<br/>Нафар<br/>аёл</b>  | 2 нафар уйқусизликка чалинган аёл деморларда эса уйқунынг яхшиләниши даволанишининг 7-күнларидан сүнг күзатыла бошлады ва бу хам үз навбатыда тери қічиши, танағады тошмаларыннан камайғанлығы билан намоён бўлди. Даволанишининг охирги кунларига келиб ушбу аёлларда уйқунынг тўлиқ тикланғанлығы, тери қічиши ва тошмалар чиқиши тўхташи күзатылди  |
| <b>4<br/>Нафар<br/>аёл</b>  | 4 нафар аёлдаги диспептик белгилар ва жигитдон қайнатын каби ностероидлар асоратидан сүнги нохуш ҳолатлар берилған тавсиянинг 5-кунидан бошлаб кескин камайды ва даволанишининг охирига бориб ушбу сезгишлар тўлиқ бартараф бўлди, шунингдек деморлардаги тери қічиши, тошмалар тошиши ва умумий безовталик ҳолатлари хам бартараф этилди.   |
| <b>2<br/>Нафар<br/>аёл</b>  | 2 нафар деморлардаги холецистопанкреатит аломатлари (эрталаблари оғизда ачниқ таъм сезгиси, ўнг қовурға остида оғриқ ҳисси, бальзан белбоғимон кўринишдаги оғриқ ҳолати, диспептик ҳолатлар, кекириш) даволанишининг 7-күнларида сезиларни даражада камайиб, бу үз навбатыда теридаги патологик жараённинг хам камайишига олиб келди. Даво курсининг сүнги кунларидаги деморлардаги барча объектив ва субъектив белгилар бартараф бўлди. |

**ЭРКАКЛАРДА ҚУЙИДАГИЧА НАТИЖЛАР**

**КУЗАТИЛДИ:**

|                              |   |
|------------------------------|---|
| <b>6<br/>нафар<br/>эркак</b> | 6 нафар эркак деморлардаги тезда асабийлашиш, уйқусизлик ва сурункали қабзият аломатлари даволанишининг 10- кунларига келиб үз самарасини кўрсатди ва бу ушбу деморлардаги теридаги клиник белгиларнинг йўқолиши, асаб фаолияттарыннан яхшиләниши ва ич келиши хам меъёrlашғанлығи билан намоён бўлди.  |
| <b>2<br/>Нафар<br/>эркак</b> | 2 нафар эркакдаги бош оғриши хам теридаги объектив белгиларнинг бартараф бўлиши билан бир қаторда кескин камайди  |
| <b>4<br/>Нафар<br/>эркак</b> | 8 нафар эркак деморлардаги (спиртли ичимликларга ружу қўйиши, кашандалик) ҳолатларини бартараф этишда қўлланилган умумий даволаш (антистаминалар, десенсибилизацияловчилар, тинчлантирувчилар, адсорбентлар, дезинтоксикацион терапия) чоралари билан бир қаторда қўшимча равишда тавсия этилган соғлом турмуш тарзига қатый риоя қилишга қаратилған тушунтириш ишлари хам деморларда ўзининг ижобий натижарини берди. Юқорида күзатувимиз остига олиниб, даволаш усууларини қабул қилган деморлар даволаниш курси тутатилгандан сүнг хам кейинги 6 ойгача бўлган вақт оралиғида назорат остида бўлишиди ва деморларнинг ҳеч бирида сурункали эшакем касаллигининг қайталиниши ҳолатлари қайд этилмади. |

**Conclusions:** During the interview with patients with chronic urticaria, a complete, perfect anamnesis requires an individual approach to each patient, paying attention to the causes of the disease, specific features of the clinical course. And this, in turn, creates an opportunity to develop effective treatment tactics, taking into account the effects of functional changes in internal organs and MAS, which potentiate the recurrence of the disease, and the existing unhealthy lifestyle.

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