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LANGUAGE UNITS IN ENGLISH AND UZBEK TO EXPRESS "RESPECT" IN THE **CLASSROOM AND EDUCATIONAL PROCESS**

Norinboeva Durdonakhon Janobiddin qizi

FerSU, 4th year student durdonakhonnorinboeva@gmail.com

Annotation. In any educational setting, the concept of respect plays a crucial role in creating a positive and inclusive environment. Respect is not only important between students and teachers but also among peers. Language units that convey respect are vital tools for fostering a respectful atmosphere in the classroom. This article explores the ways in which English and Uzbek languages offer various linguistic expressions to convey respect in a classroom and educational process.

Key words: respect, convey, indicate, polite, pronouns, refraining, disrespectful, denote, acknowledgement, individuals, colleague, register, mindful, attiquette, foster, positive, phrase, atmosphere

Respect is an essential aspect of any educational environment, and language units play a significant role in expressing this respect. Both English and Uzbek languages offer various linguistic expressions to convey respect. In English, honorific titles, polite forms of address, and active listening markers are commonly used. In Uzbek, formal pronouns, honorific suffixes, and specific greetings indicate respect. Additionally, cultural norms and values shape the way respect is expressed in both languages.

English Language Units for Expressing Respect

English, being a widely spoken language globally, offers several language units to express respect in various contexts. Here are some examples:

- Honorific titles: English has honorific titles such as "Mr.," "Mrs.," "Miss,' 1. and "Ms." that are used before a person's last name to demonstrate respect. These titles are used when addressing teachers, administrators, or any adult in an educational setting.
- Polite forms of address: Using polite forms of address, such as "Sir" or 2. "Madam," is another way to show respect in English. Students often use these when addressing their teachers or other authority figures.
- Using a person's last name: Using a person's last name, followed by a title, is a formal and respectful way of addressing individuals. For example, "Mr. Smith" or "Ms. Johnson" conveys respect and acknowledges their authority or position.
- Avoidance of offensive language: In a respectful classroom environment, offensive language should be avoided. This includes refraining from using derogatory terms, slurs, or any language that may be deemed disrespectful or offensive to others.
- 5. Active listening and politeness markers: In English, certain phrases and markers can be used to demonstrate respectful listening and engagement, such as "I



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understand," "That's a good point," or "Thank you for sharing." These phrases show appreciation for others' contributions and create an atmosphere of respect and acknowledgement.

Uzbek Language Units for Expressing Respect

Uzbek, a Turkic language spoken predominantly in Uzbekistan and neighboring countries, also provides various language units to express respect. Look at some examples,

- 1. Formal pronouns: Uzbek language has formal pronouns, such as "Siz" and "Seningiz," which are used to address elders, teachers, or individuals in positions of authority. These pronouns demonstrate respect and acknowledge the person's importance.
- 2. Honorific suffixes: Uzbek language offers honorific suffixes to show respect. For example, adding "-imsan," "-ingiz," or "-izlar" after someone's name indicates respect and politeness. These suffixes denote honor and differentiate the relationship between individuals.
- 3. Polite greetings: Uzbek language has specific greetings reserved for showing respect. For example, "Assalomu alaykum" is a traditional greeting used to show respect and acknowledge the presence of others. This greeting is commonly used in educational settings to show respect towards teachers and elders.
- 4. Tone of speech: In Uzbek culture, the tone of speech plays a crucial role in conveying respect. A polite and soft tone is preferred when speaking to teachers or individuals in higher positions. This tone reflects respect and demonstrates the speaker's acknowledgment of the other person's authority.
- 5. Cultural norms and values: In Uzbekistan, cultural norms and values greatly influence the expression of respect. For example, maintaining eye contact while speaking with teachers or elders is seen as a sign of respect. Similarly, using appropriate body language, such as standing up when a teacher enters the classroom, is a way to demonstrate respect.

By using these language units effectively and teaching students about the importance of respect, educators can create an inclusive and respectful environment in the classroom. Fostering respect among students not only enhances the educational process but also prepares them to become respectful and responsible individuals in society.

Using language units to express respect in the classroom and educational process is crucial for maintaining a positive and conducive learning environment. English and Uzbek, like any languages, offer various ways to convey respect through greetings, addressing others, expressing gratitude, and showing politeness. This article will delve into different language units that can be utilized to express respect in both English and Uzbek within the classroom and educational contexts.

Greetings and Addressing:



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One fundamental way to show respect in both English and Uzbek is through the choice of appropriate greetings and addressing. In English, using formal greetings such as "Good morning, Mrs. Smith" or "Good afternoon, Professor Johnson" can demonstrate respect towards teachers or instructors. Similarly, addressing fellow students or colleagues with "Mr." or "Miss/Ms." followed by their last names is considered polite and respectful. This form of address indicates acknowledgment of authority and emphasizes the person's role in the classroom.

In Uzbek, respect can be demonstrated by using honorific titles when greeting or addressing individuals. For instance, "Assalomu alaykum, ustoz" (Hello, teacher) or "Assalomu alaykum, akademik" (Hello, academician) are respectful ways to greet or address someone in an educational setting. Addressing fellow students or colleagues with "hammaga salom" (hello, everyone) or "dostlarim" (my friends) also shows a friendly and respectful tone.

Expressing Gratitude:

Being grateful and expressing appreciation is another crucial aspect of showing respect in the classroom and educational process. In English, common expressions such as "Thank you, Professor," "I appreciate your guidance," or "I am grateful for your help" convey respect and acknowledgment. Students can also use phrases like "May I express my gratitude for your support?" or "Your assistance has been invaluable."

In Uzbek, expressions like "Rahmat, ustoz" (Thank you, teacher), "Sizning yordamingizga minnatdorchilik bildiraman" (I am grateful for your help), or "Sizning ko'magingiz sezilarli bo'ldi" (Your assistance was significant) are commonly used to demonstrate gratitude and respect. Furthermore, expressions like "yordamiz uchun rahmat" (thank you for your help) or "menga berilgan tavsiflar uchun rahmat" (thank you for the given explanations) can also be used to show appreciation.

Polite Language and Etiquette:

Using polite language and observing proper etiquette is another way to show respect in the classroom. In English, using phrases such as "Excuse me, may I ask a question?" or "I'm sorry for interrupting, but..." are considered respectful. Additionally, using "please" when making requests, such as "Please pass me the textbook" or "Could you please repeat that?" indicates politeness.

Similarly, in Uzbek, using phrases like "Kechirasiz, savol berishim mumkinmi?" (Excuse me, may I ask a question?) or "Kechirasiz, sizni bekor qilish uchun, lekin..." (I'm sorry for interrupting, but...) demonstrate politeness and respect. Incorporating "iltimos" (please) when making requests, such as "iltimos, mening uchun sharhni yuboring" (please send me the comment) or "Iltimos, uni takrorlashingiz mumkinmi?" (Could you please repeat that?) also showcases respectful etiquette.

Using Formal Language:

In both English and Uzbek, adopting a formal tone or register can contribute to a sense of respect within the classroom and educational setting. In English, using formal language can be achieved by avoiding contractions, using complete sentences, and



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maintaining a professional tone. This includes refraining from using slang or informal expressions during class discussions or written assignments.

In Uzbek, using a formal tone can be achieved by using appropriate vocabulary and sentence structures. This involves avoiding colloquial language, slang, or overly informal expressions when interacting with teachers or instructors. Staying mindful of the context and adhering to linguistic norms help create an atmosphere of respect and professionalism.

Non-verbal Communication:

Apart from language units, non-verbal cues also play a significant role in expressing respect in the classroom and educational process. Maintaining eye contact while speaking or listening, using appropriate facial expressions, and displaying attentive body language all contribute to respectful communication.

In Uzbek culture, using non-verbal gestures such as nodding the head to indicate understanding or agreement, sitting upright and giving undivided attention during lectures, or avoiding distracting behaviors like checking mobile phones, can all demonstrate respect towards teachers and instructors.

Language plays a vital role in shaping our interactions, understanding, and expressing emotions. In an educational setting, language serves as a means of communication, facilitating knowledge acquisition and socialization. One essential aspect of effective communication in classrooms is the expression of respect, both towards teachers and peers.

Understanding Respect:

Respect is a fundamental value that cultivates a positive learning environment and fosters healthy relationships between teachers and students. It encompasses various aspects such as politeness, consideration, and empathy towards others. Language is a powerful tool to convey respect, as it allows individuals to communicate their intentions and emotions clearly.

The Role of Language Units in Enhancing Respect:

Language units serve as a bridge between thoughts and actions. Proper usage of respectful language units can tremendously contribute to the creation of respectful classroom environments. Here are some ways in which language units in English and Uzbek can enhance respect in the educational process:

Fostering Positive Teacher-Student Relationships:

Using respectful language units allows students to establish positive relationships with their teachers. These units create a sense of mutual understanding and appreciation between the two parties, promoting healthy communication and rapport.

2. **Encouraging Active Participation:**

When students feel respected and valued in the classroom, they are more likely to actively participate in discussions and express their thoughts and opinions. Respectful language units create a safe space for students to share their ideas, leading to increased engagement and deeper learning experiences.



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3. Enhancing Classroom Management:

Respectful language units contribute to effective classroom management. By utilizing appropriate language, students learn social norms and behaviors that encourage cooperation, discipline, and order in the classroom. This, in turn, creates an environment conducive to learning.

4. Promoting Inclusivity:

Respectful language units ensure inclusivity in the educational process by avoiding derogatory language or terms that can stigmatize or marginalize individuals. By using inclusive language, all students feel valued, regardless of their background, abilities, or preferences.

5. Cultivating Empathy and Interpersonal Skills:

The usage of respectful language units helps students develop empathy and interpersonal skills. By practicing respectful communication, students learn to appreciate and value different perspectives, enhancing their ability to collaborate, empathize, and engage in constructive dialogue with their peers and teachers.

In conclusion, language plays a powerful role in expressing respect in educational settings, fostering positive relationships, effective communication, and a supportive environment for student learning. Both English and Uzbek provide a range of language units and expressions that can be used to convey respect in the classroom. By utilizing appropriate language units, students and teachers can ensure a harmonious educational process that promotes mutual understanding, empathy, and personal growth. It is essential that educators emphasize the importance of respectful language in classrooms to cultivate a positive and inclusive atmosphere conducive to effective teaching and learning.

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