



OPPORTUNITIES FOR THE DEVELOPMENT OF ECOTOURISM IN FERGANA REGION

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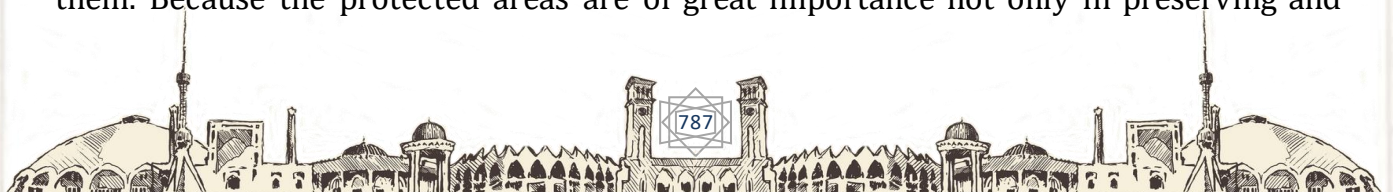
Annotation: *In this article, the possibilities for the organization and development of ecotourism were thoroughly studied, evacuated. Including the eco-touristic capabilities of the Fergana region and the possibilities of their use were justified.*

Key words: *Ecotourism, environmental education, ecological balance, ecotourism development, Fergana*

INTRODUCTION. The Republic of Uzbekistan, including Fergana region, is famous for its beautiful and inimitable nature, unique natural landscapes, various flora and fauna, unique natural monuments that have the opportunity to develop ecotourism. The Sukh, Fergana and Besharik districts of Fergana region, Shahimardon and Central Fergana are among the regions with such rich natural and climatic potential. Due to the special nature of the region, the attention paid to the development of ecotourism, taking into account the weather, many practical works that harmoniously combine the unique values and traditions of our people in the bosom of delightful gardens, picturesque places of nature, sandy deserts, parks, and lakes attract the attention of world tourists. In this regard, the construction of new tourist facilities, the repair of existing ones, the development of transport infrastructure, the opening of new directions, in particular, the development of ecotourism, are increasingly gaining momentum.

MATERIAL AND METHODS. The landscapes of the Republic of Uzbekistan are also an integral part of a rich cultural and historical heritage. It is necessary that the representative objects and components of this heritage are necessarily preserved. One of the promising directions in this regard is ecotourism. Different definitions of ecotourism have been given by many researchers. For example, the trips of people to their natural environment or their trips to certain areas with the aim of resting for a certain period from their permanent residence, playing sports, restoring health, carrying out educational and spiritual activities are assessed as ecotourism.

RESULTS. The purpose of ecotourism is to ensure environmental safety and stability for current and future generations through the use of nature in the tourist direction and to explore ways to preserve landscapes in certain areas and restore them. Because the protected areas are of great importance not only in preserving and





restoring the unique properties of the landscapes in which they are located, but also in ensuring the ecological stability of the territories themselves.

DISCUSSION. So, ecotourism should be organized in such a way that, firstly, one can understand that maintaining the ecological balance in the relations of nature and society is the main tool, and secondly, be able to expand the knowledge of people in the field of Ecology and provide environmental education. For this, in the organization of ecotourism, the following will be paid attention:

- 1) To increase environmental knowledge and provide environmental education by studying the diversity of nature, especially rare and valuable objects and areas where their compounds are present;
- 2) To study the problems of preserving natural areas typical for the nature of the Valley undergoing loss, destruction, change;
- 3) Taking into account the needs of the local population in the protection or use of nature;
- 4) Familiarization with the processes of restoration, protection and enrichment of Natural Resources;
- 5) To understand ways to maintain and ensure a healthy natural environment that is important for human life.

Another important importance of ecotourism is that they have a positive effect on making people educated and spiritual by giving people different information. World experience shows that for the development of ecotourism, it will be necessary first of all to establish eco-touristic science, education, upbringing and promotion. The second priority in the national strategy for biodiversity is defined as providing environmental education and education to the population, Because, other priorities cannot be realized without the formation of environmental knowledge and culture in the population.

CONCLUSION. Through the development of ecotourism, it is advisable to carry out explanatory and propaganda among the population about the importance of the use of nature for scientific, ethno-aesthetic, patriotic, health-improving, economic and various other purposes. Through ecotourism, when foreign guests have a taste of the rich and unique nature of Uzbekistan, their citizens get to know their homeland closely, in which a sense of national pride and pride is formed in relation to their native land.

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