

**KOEFFITSIENTI UZILISHGA EGA BO'LGAN YUKLANGAN TENGLAMA UCHUN  
CHEGARAVIY MASALA**

**Azizov Muzaffar Sulaymonovich**

*FarDU o'qituvchisi*

**To'lqinboyeva Ma'muraxon Zafarjon qizi**

*FarDU talabasi*

Jahon miqyosida olib borilayotgan ko'plab ilmiy-amaliy tadqiqotlar, aksariyat hollarda differensial tenglamalarning yuklangan holdagi matematik modellarini tadqiq qilish masalalariga keltiriladi. Matematik fizika, matematik biologiya, iqtisodiy matematika va optimal boshqaruvning muhim masalalari xususan, chekli tezlikdagi jismlardagi issiqlik va og'irlilik o'tkazuvchanlik masalalari, dispersiyalovchi muhitda to'lqin tarqalish masalalari, dinamik tarqalishlar nazariyasi masalalari, tuproq namligi, namlik darajasini boshqarish va uzoq muddatli baholashni prognoz qilish kabi masalalar xususiy hosilali yuklangan differensial tenglamalar uchun chegaraviy masalalarga keltiriladi. Hozirgi vaqtda yuklangan differensial va integrodifferensial tenglamalar uchun to'g'ri va teskari masalalarini tadqiq qilish xususiy hosilali differensial tenglamalar nazariyasining muhim vazifalaridan biri bo'lib qolmoqda.

Yuklangan tenglamalar uchun qo'yiladigan masalalarni hal etish uchun avvalo yuklanmagan tenglamalar uchun chegaraviy masallarni tadqiq etish maqsadga muvofiq bunday ishlar [1-8] tadqiqotlarda ko'rilgan. Yuklangan va yuklangan Bessel tenglamasiga keltiriladigan tenglamalar uchun chegaraviy masalalar tadqiq etilgan ishlar [9-10] tadqiqlardacha ishlar olib borilgan. Ushbu tadqiqot ishi yuklangan Bessel tenglamasiga keltiriladigan tenglamalar ustida olib borilgan ishlarning mantiqiy davomi hisoblanadi.

$(-T, 0) \cup (0, T)$  sohada quyidagi

$$y''(x) + \frac{2\gamma}{t} y'(x) + \operatorname{sign}(x) \lambda^4 y(x) = y(\operatorname{sign}(x)x_0) \quad (1)$$

yuklangan tenglamani qaraylik, bu yerda  $T, \gamma, \lambda \in R$  bo'lib,  $T > 0$ ,  $\gamma \in (-1/2, 1/2)$ .

(1) tenglama uchun quyidagi chegaraviy masalani o'rganamiz:

Masala.  $(-T, 0) \cup (0, T)$  sohada (1) tenglamaning shunday  $y(x)$  yechimi topilsinki, u ushbu

$$y(T) = k_1, \quad y(-T) = k_2 \quad (2)$$

chegaraviy shartlarni hamda

$$\lim_{t \rightarrow -0} y(x) = \lim_{t \rightarrow +0} y(x), \quad \lim_{t \rightarrow +0} x^{2\gamma} y'(x) = \lim_{t \rightarrow -0} (-x)^{2\gamma} y'(x) \quad (3)$$

ulash shartlarni qanoatlantirsin, bu yerda  $k_1$ -berilgan haqiqiy son.

Masalani tadqiq qilishga o'tamiz.

(1) tenglama  $(-T, 0)$  va  $(0, T)$  intervallarda mos holda

$$y''(x) + \frac{2\gamma}{t} y'(x) + \lambda^4 y(x) = y(x_0), \quad (4)$$

$$y''(x) + \frac{2\gamma}{t} y'(x) - \lambda^4 y(x) = y(-x_0) \quad (5)$$

ko'rinishlarni oladi.

Ma'lumki, (4) va (5) tenglamalarga mos bir jisli tenglamalarining umumiy yechimlari

$$y(x) = C_1 x^{\frac{1-\gamma}{2}} J_{\frac{1-\gamma}{2}}(\lambda^2 x) + C_2 x^{\frac{1-\gamma}{2}} J_{\frac{\gamma-1}{2}}(\lambda^2 x) \quad (6)$$

$$y(x) = C_3 (-x)^{\frac{1-\gamma}{2}} I_{\frac{1-\gamma}{2}}(-\lambda^2 x) + C_4 (-x)^{\frac{1-\gamma}{2}} I_{\frac{\gamma-1}{2}}(-\lambda^2 x) \quad (7)$$

(4) va (5) tenglamalarning umumiy yechimini topish uchun o'zgarmasni variatsiyalash usulidan foydalanib

$$\begin{cases} C'_1(x) x^{\frac{1-\gamma}{2}} J_{\frac{1-\gamma}{2}}(\lambda^2 x) + C'_2(x) x^{\frac{1-\gamma}{2}} J_{\frac{\gamma-1}{2}}(\lambda^2 x) = 0 \\ \lambda^2 \cdot C'_1(x) x^{\frac{1-\gamma}{2}} J_{\frac{-1-\gamma}{2}}(\lambda^2 x) - \lambda^2 \cdot C'_2(x) x^{\frac{1-\gamma}{2}} J_{\frac{\gamma+1}{2}}(\lambda^2 x) = y(x_0) \end{cases} \quad (8)$$

$$\begin{cases} C'_3(x) (-x)^{\frac{1-\gamma}{2}} I_{\frac{1-\gamma}{2}}(-\lambda^2 x) + C'_4(x) (-x)^{\frac{1-\gamma}{2}} I_{\frac{\gamma-1}{2}}(-\lambda^2 x) = 0 \\ \lambda^2 \cdot C'_3(x) (-x)^{\frac{1-\gamma}{2}} I_{\frac{-1-\gamma}{2}}(-\lambda^2 x) + \lambda^2 \cdot C'_4(x) (-x)^{\frac{1-\gamma}{2}} I_{\frac{\gamma+1}{2}}(-\lambda^2 x) = y(-x_0) \end{cases} \quad (9)$$

Bundan  $C'_1(x)$ ,  $C'_2(x)$ ,  $C'_3(x)$ ,  $C'_4(x)$  o'zgarmaslarni

$$C'_1(x) = \frac{\pi x y(x_0) J_{\frac{\gamma-1}{2}}(\lambda^2 x)}{2 x^{\frac{1-\gamma}{2}} \cos \pi \gamma}, \quad C'_2(x) = \frac{\pi x y(x_0) J_{\frac{1-\gamma}{2}}(\lambda^2 x)}{2 x^{\frac{1-\gamma}{2}} \cos \pi \gamma} \quad (10)$$

$$C'_3(-x) = \frac{\pi (-x) y(-x_0) I_{\frac{\gamma-1}{2}}(-\lambda^2 x)}{2 (-x)^{\frac{1-\gamma}{2}} \cos \pi \gamma}, \quad C'_4(-x) = -\frac{\pi (-x) y(-x_0) I_{\frac{1-\gamma}{2}}(-\lambda^2 x)}{2 (-x)^{\frac{1-\gamma}{2}} \cos \pi \gamma}$$

(11)

ko'rinishda topamiz va (10) ni  $[0, x]$ da, (11) ni  $[x, 0]$  da integrallab  $C_1(x)$ ,  $C_2(x)$ ,  $C_3(x)$ ,  $C_4(x)$  larni

$$C_1(x) = \frac{\pi y(x_0)}{2 \cos \pi \gamma} \int_0^x z^{\frac{1}{2}+\gamma} J_{\frac{\gamma-1}{2}}(\lambda^2 z) dz + C_1 \quad (12)$$

$$C_2(x) = \frac{\pi y(x_0)}{2 \cos \pi \gamma} \int_0^x z^{\frac{1}{2}+\gamma} J_{\frac{1}{2}-\gamma}(\lambda^2 z) dz + C_2 \quad (13)$$

$$C_3(-x) = \frac{\pi y(-x_0)}{2 \cos \pi \gamma} \int_x^0 (-z)^{\frac{1}{2}+\gamma} I_{\frac{\gamma-1}{2}}(-\lambda^2 z) dz + C_3 \quad (14)$$

$$C_4(-x) = -\frac{\pi y(-x_0)}{2 \cos \pi \gamma} \int_0^0 (-z)^{\frac{1}{2}+\gamma} I_{\frac{1}{2}-\gamma}(-\lambda^2 z) dz + C_4 \quad (15)$$

ko'rinishda topamiz.

(12) va (13)) tengliklarni (3) ga, (14) va (15) tengliklarni (7) ga qo'yib (4) va (5) tenglamalarning umumiy yechimlarini

$$y(x) = C_1 x^{\frac{1}{2}-\gamma} J_{\frac{1}{2}-\gamma}(\lambda^2 x) + C_2 x^{\frac{1}{2}-\gamma} J_{\frac{\gamma-1}{2}}(\lambda^2 x) + \\ + \frac{\pi y(x_0)}{2 \cos \pi \gamma} \int_0^x z \cdot \left( \frac{x}{z} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}-\gamma} \left[ J_{\frac{1}{2}-\gamma}(\lambda^2 x) J_{\frac{\gamma-1}{2}}(\lambda^2 z) + J_{\frac{\gamma-1}{2}}(\lambda^2 x) J_{\frac{1}{2}-\gamma}(\lambda^2 z) \right] dz \quad (16)$$

$$y(x) = C_3(-x)^{\frac{1}{2}-\gamma} I_{\frac{1}{2}-\gamma}(-\lambda^2 x) + C_4(-x)^{\frac{1}{2}-\gamma} I_{\frac{\gamma-1}{2}}(-\lambda^2 x) + \\ + \frac{\pi y(-x_0)}{2 \cos \pi \gamma} \int_x^0 (-z) \cdot \left( -\frac{x}{z} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}-\gamma} \left[ I_{\frac{1}{2}-\gamma}(-\lambda^2 x) I_{\frac{\gamma-1}{2}}(-\lambda^2 z) - I_{\frac{\gamma-1}{2}}(-\lambda^2 x) I_{\frac{1}{2}-\gamma}(-\lambda^2 z) \right] dz \quad (17)$$

ko'rinishda topamiz. (16) va (17) larga mos holda  $(x_0)$  va  $(-x_0)$  larni qo'yib,  $y(x_0)$  va  $y(-x_0)$  larni quyidagi ko'rinishda topamiz:

$$y(x_0) = \left[ C_1 x_0^{\frac{1}{2}-\gamma} J_{\frac{1}{2}-\gamma}(\lambda^2 x_0) + C_2 x_0^{\frac{1}{2}-\gamma} J_{\frac{\gamma-1}{2}}(\lambda^2 x_0) \right] \times \\ \times \left\{ 1 - \frac{\pi}{2 \cos \pi \gamma} \int_0^{x_0} \left( \frac{x_0}{z} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}-\gamma} z \left[ J_{\frac{1}{2}-\gamma}(\lambda^2 x_0) J_{\frac{\gamma-1}{2}}(\lambda^2 z) + J_{\frac{\gamma-1}{2}}(\lambda^2 x_0) J_{\frac{1}{2}-\gamma}(\lambda^2 z) \right] dz \right\}^{-1} \quad (18)$$

$$y(-x_0) = \left[ C_3 x_0^{\frac{1}{2}-\gamma} I_{\frac{1}{2}-\gamma}(-\lambda^2 x_0) + C_4 x_0^{\frac{1}{2}-\gamma} I_{\frac{\gamma-1}{2}}(-\lambda^2 x_0) \right] \times$$

$$\times \left\{ 1 - \frac{\pi}{2 \cos \pi \gamma} \int_{-x_0}^0 \left( \frac{x_0}{z} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}-\gamma} (-z) \left[ I_{\frac{1}{2}-\gamma}(\lambda^2 x_0) I_{\frac{\gamma-1}{2}}(-\lambda^2 z) - I_{\frac{\gamma-1}{2}}(\lambda^2 x_0) I_{\frac{1}{2}-\gamma}(-\lambda^2 z) \right] dz \right\}^{-1}$$

(19)

So'ngra ularni (2) va (3) bo'ysundirib

$$\begin{aligned}
 C_1 &= \frac{1}{J_{\frac{1}{2}-\gamma}(\lambda^2 T) I_{\frac{\gamma-1}{2}}(\lambda^2 T) - I_{\frac{1}{2}-\gamma}(\lambda^2 T) J_{\frac{\gamma-1}{2}}(\lambda^2 T)} \left\{ \frac{k_1 - k_2}{T^{\frac{1}{2}-\gamma}} - \frac{\pi}{2 \cos \pi} \times \right. \\
 &\quad \times \left[ I_{\frac{\gamma-1}{2}}(\lambda^2 T) \int_0^T z^{\frac{1}{2}+\gamma} y(x_0) \left( J_{\frac{1}{2}-\gamma}(\lambda^2 T) J_{\frac{\gamma-1}{2}}(\lambda^2 z) + J_{\frac{\gamma-1}{2}}(\lambda^2 T) J_{\frac{1}{2}-\gamma}(\lambda^2 z) \right) dz - \right. \\
 &\quad \left. \left. - J_{\frac{\gamma-1}{2}}(\lambda^2 T) \int_{-T}^0 (-z)^{\frac{1}{2}+\gamma} y(x_0) \left( I_{\frac{1}{2}-\gamma}(\lambda^2 T) I_{\frac{\gamma-1}{2}}(-\lambda^2 z) - I_{\frac{\gamma-1}{2}}(\lambda^2 T) I_{\frac{1}{2}-\gamma}(-\lambda^2 z) \right) dz \right] \right\} \\
 C_2 &= \frac{1}{J_{\frac{1}{2}-\gamma}(\lambda^2 T) I_{\frac{\gamma-1}{2}}(\lambda^2 T) - I_{\frac{1}{2}-\gamma}(\lambda^2 T) J_{\frac{\gamma-1}{2}}(\lambda^2 T)} \left\{ \frac{k_1 - k_2}{T^{\frac{1}{2}-\gamma}} - \frac{\pi}{2 \cos \pi} \times \right. \\
 &\quad \times \left[ I_{\frac{\gamma-1}{2}}(\lambda^2 T) \int_0^T z^{\frac{1}{2}-\gamma} y(x_0) \cdot \left( J_{\frac{1}{2}-\gamma}(\lambda^2 T) J_{\frac{\gamma-1}{2}}(\lambda^2 z) + J_{\frac{\gamma-1}{2}}(\lambda^2 T) J_{\frac{1}{2}-\gamma}(\lambda^2 z) \right) dz - \right. \\
 &\quad \left. \left. - J_{\frac{1}{2}-\gamma}(\lambda^2 T) \int_{-T}^0 (-z)^{\frac{1}{2}+\gamma} y(x_0) \left( I_{\frac{1}{2}-\gamma}(\lambda^2 T) I_{\frac{\gamma-1}{2}}(-\lambda^2 z) - I_{\frac{\gamma-1}{2}}(\lambda^2 T) I_{\frac{1}{2}-\gamma}(-\lambda^2 z) \right) dz \right] \right\} \\
 C_3 &= \frac{1}{J_{\frac{1}{2}-\gamma}(\lambda^2 T) I_{\frac{\gamma-1}{2}}(\lambda^2 T) - I_{\frac{1}{2}-\gamma}(\lambda^2 T) J_{\frac{\gamma-1}{2}}(\lambda^2 T)} \left\{ \frac{k_1 - k_2}{T^{\frac{1}{2}-\gamma}} - \frac{\pi}{2 \cos \pi} \times \right. \\
 &\quad \times \left[ I_{\frac{\gamma-1}{2}}(\lambda^2 T) \int_0^T z^{\frac{1}{2}+\gamma} y(-x_0) \left( J_{\frac{1}{2}-\gamma}(\lambda^2 T) J_{\frac{\gamma-1}{2}}(\lambda^2 z) + J_{\frac{\gamma-1}{2}}(\lambda^2 T) J_{\frac{1}{2}-\gamma}(\lambda^2 z) \right) dz - \right. \\
 &\quad \left. \left. - J_{\frac{\gamma-1}{2}}(\lambda^2 T) \int_{-T}^0 (-z)^{\frac{1}{2}+\gamma} y(-x_0) \left( I_{\frac{1}{2}-\gamma}(\lambda^2 T) I_{\frac{\gamma-1}{2}}(-\lambda^2 z) - I_{\frac{\gamma-1}{2}}(\lambda^2 T) I_{\frac{1}{2}-\gamma}(-\lambda^2 z) \right) dz \right] \right\} \\
 C_4 &= \frac{1}{J_{\frac{1}{2}-\gamma}(\lambda^2 T) I_{\frac{\gamma-1}{2}}(\lambda^2 T) - I_{\frac{1}{2}-\gamma}(\lambda^2 T) J_{\frac{\gamma-1}{2}}(\lambda^2 T)} \left\{ \frac{k_1 - k_2}{T^{\frac{1}{2}-\gamma}} - \frac{\pi}{2 \cos \pi} \times \right. \\
 &\quad \times \left[ I_{\frac{\gamma-1}{2}}(\lambda^2 T) \int_0^T z^{\frac{1}{2}-\gamma} y(-x_0) \cdot \left( J_{\frac{1}{2}-\gamma}(\lambda^2 T) J_{\frac{\gamma-1}{2}}(\lambda^2 z) + J_{\frac{\gamma-1}{2}}(\lambda^2 T) J_{\frac{1}{2}-\gamma}(\lambda^2 z) \right) dz - \right. \\
 &\quad \left. \left. - J_{\frac{1}{2}-\gamma}(\lambda^2 T) \int_{-T}^0 (-z)^{\frac{1}{2}+\gamma} y(-x_0) \left( I_{\frac{1}{2}-\gamma}(\lambda^2 T) I_{\frac{\gamma-1}{2}}(-\lambda^2 z) - I_{\frac{\gamma-1}{2}}(\lambda^2 T) I_{\frac{1}{2}-\gamma}(-\lambda^2 z) \right) dz \right] \right\}
 \end{aligned}$$

tengliklarga ega bo'lamiz. So'ngra (18) va (19) larni va  $C_1, C_2 C_3 C_4$  lar uchun olingan yechimlarni (16) va (17) larga qo'yib, {(1), (2), (3)} masalaning yechim quyidagicha ko'rinishga keladi

$$\begin{aligned}
 y(x) = & \left( \frac{1}{J_{\frac{1}{2}-\gamma}(\lambda^2 T) I_{\frac{\gamma-1}{2}}(\lambda^2 T) - I_{\frac{1}{2}-\gamma}(\lambda^2 T) J_{\frac{\gamma-1}{2}}(\lambda^2 T)} \times \right. \\
 & \times \left[ \frac{k_1 - k_2}{T^{\frac{1}{2}-\gamma}} - \frac{\pi}{2 \cos \pi} \left[ I_{\frac{\gamma-1}{2}}(\lambda^2 T) \int_0^T z^{\frac{1}{2}+\gamma} y(x_0) \times \right. \right. \\
 & \times \left( J_{\frac{1}{2}-\gamma}(\lambda^2 T) J_{\frac{\gamma-1}{2}}(\lambda^2 z) + J_{\frac{\gamma-1}{2}}(\lambda^2 T) J_{\frac{1}{2}-\gamma}(\lambda^2 z) \right) dz - \\
 & - J_{\frac{\gamma-1}{2}}(\lambda^2 T) \int_{-T}^0 (-z)^{\frac{1}{2}+\gamma} y(x_0) \left( I_{\frac{1}{2}-\gamma}(\lambda^2 T) I_{\frac{\gamma-1}{2}}(-\lambda^2 z) - I_{\frac{1}{2}-\gamma}(\lambda^2 T) I_{\frac{1}{2}-\gamma}(-\lambda^2 z) \right) dz \left. \right] \left. \right] \times \\
 & \times x^{\frac{1}{2}-\gamma} J_{\frac{1}{2}-\gamma}(\lambda^2 x) + \left( \frac{1}{J_{\frac{1}{2}-\gamma}(\lambda^2 T) I_{\frac{\gamma-1}{2}}(\lambda^2 T) - I_{\frac{1}{2}-\gamma}(\lambda^2 T) J_{\frac{\gamma-1}{2}}(\lambda^2 T)} \times \right. \\
 & \times \left[ \frac{k_1 - k_2}{T^{\frac{1}{2}-\gamma}} - \frac{\pi}{2 \cos \pi} \left[ I_{\frac{\gamma-1}{2}}(\lambda^2 T) \int_0^T z^{\frac{1}{2}+\gamma} y(x_0) \times \right. \right. \\
 & \times \left( J_{\frac{1}{2}-\gamma}(\lambda^2 T) J_{\frac{\gamma-1}{2}}(\lambda^2 z) + J_{\frac{\gamma-1}{2}}(\lambda^2 T) J_{\frac{1}{2}-\gamma}(\lambda^2 z) \right) dz - \\
 & - J_{\frac{1}{2}-\gamma}(\lambda^2 T) \int_{-T}^0 (-z)^{\frac{1}{2}+\gamma} y(x_0) \left( I_{\frac{1}{2}-\gamma}(\lambda^2 T) I_{\frac{\gamma-1}{2}}(-\lambda^2 z) - I_{\frac{1}{2}-\gamma}(\lambda^2 T) I_{\frac{1}{2}-\gamma}(-\lambda^2 z) \right) dz \left. \right] \left. \right] \times \\
 & \times x^{\frac{1}{2}-\gamma} J_{\frac{\gamma-1}{2}}(\lambda^2 x) + \frac{\pi y(x_0)}{2 \cos \pi} \int_0^x z \cdot \left( \frac{x}{z} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}-\gamma} \left[ J_{\frac{1}{2}-\gamma}(\lambda^2 x) J_{\frac{\gamma-1}{2}}(\lambda^2 z) + J_{\frac{\gamma-1}{2}}(\lambda^2 x) J_{\frac{1}{2}-\gamma}(\lambda^2 z) \right] dz \\
 (20) \quad y(x) = & \left( \frac{1}{J_{\frac{1}{2}-\gamma}(\lambda^2 T) I_{\frac{\gamma-1}{2}}(\lambda^2 T) - I_{\frac{1}{2}-\gamma}(\lambda^2 T) J_{\frac{\gamma-1}{2}}(\lambda^2 T)} \times \right. \\
 & \times \left[ \frac{k_1 - k_2}{T^{\frac{1}{2}-\gamma}} - \frac{\pi}{2 \cos \pi} \left[ I_{\frac{\gamma-1}{2}}(\lambda^2 T) \int_0^T z^{\frac{1}{2}+\gamma} y(-x_0) \times \right. \right. \\
 & \times \left( J_{\frac{1}{2}-\gamma}(\lambda^2 T) J_{\frac{\gamma-1}{2}}(\lambda^2 z) + J_{\frac{\gamma-1}{2}}(\lambda^2 T) J_{\frac{1}{2}-\gamma}(\lambda^2 z) \right) dz - 
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& -J_{\frac{\gamma-1}{2}}(\lambda^2 T) \int_{-T}^0 (-z)^{\frac{1}{2}+\gamma} y(-x_0) \left( I_{\frac{1}{2}-\gamma}(\lambda^2 T) I_{\frac{\gamma-1}{2}}(-\lambda^2 z) - I_{\frac{\gamma-1}{2}}(\lambda^2 T) I_{\frac{1}{2}-\gamma}(-\lambda^2 z) \right) dz \Bigg] \Bigg) \times \\
& \times (-x)^{\frac{1}{2}-\gamma} I_{\frac{1}{2}-\gamma}(-\lambda^2 x) + \left( \frac{1}{J_{\frac{1}{2}-\gamma}(\lambda^2 T) I_{\frac{\gamma-1}{2}}(\lambda^2 T) - I_{\frac{1}{2}-\gamma}(\lambda^2 T) J_{\frac{\gamma-1}{2}}(\lambda^2 T)} \times \right. \\
& \times \left[ \frac{k_1 - k_2}{T^{\frac{1}{2}-\gamma}} - \frac{\pi}{2 \cos \pi} \left[ I_{\frac{\gamma-1}{2}}(\lambda^2 T) \int_0^T z^{\frac{1}{2}-\gamma} y(-x_0) \times \right. \right. \\
& \times \left( J_{\frac{1}{2}-\gamma}(\lambda^2 T) J_{\frac{\gamma-1}{2}}(\lambda^2 z) + J_{\frac{\gamma-1}{2}}(\lambda^2 T) J_{\frac{1}{2}-\gamma}(\lambda^2 z) \right) dz - \\
& - J_{\frac{1}{2}-\gamma}(\lambda^2 T) \int_{-T}^0 (-z)^{\frac{1}{2}+\gamma} y(-x_0) \left( I_{\frac{1}{2}-\gamma}(\lambda^2 T) I_{\frac{\gamma-1}{2}}(-\lambda^2 z) - I_{\frac{\gamma-1}{2}}(\lambda^2 T) I_{\frac{1}{2}-\gamma}(-\lambda^2 z) \right) dz \Bigg] \Bigg] \Bigg) + \\
& + \frac{\pi y(-x_0)}{2 \cos \pi \gamma} \int_x^0 (-z) \cdot \left( -\frac{x}{z} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}-\gamma} \left[ I_{\frac{1}{2}-\gamma}(-\lambda^2 x) I_{\frac{\gamma-1}{2}}(-\lambda^2 z) - I_{\frac{\gamma-1}{2}}(-\lambda^2 x) I_{\frac{1}{2}-\gamma}(-\lambda^2 z) \right] dz. \quad (21)
\end{aligned}$$

(20) va (21) lardan  $y(x_0)$  va  $y(-x_0)$  lar bir qiymathi topiladi.

### FOYDALANILGAN ADABIYOTLAR:

1. Azizov M.S. Rustamova S.T. Yuqori tartibli Differensial tenglamalarni Bernulli tenglamasiga keltirib yechish // Bosma “Modern problems of dynamical systems and their applications” respublika ilmiy-amaliy anjumani materiallari, Toshkent, 2017 yil, 61-62 b.

2. Azizov M.S. Qobiljonova D. Ikkinchchi tartibli bir jinsli bo’limgan singulyar koefitsiyentli bir oddiy differensial tenglama uchun 4-chejaraviy masala // Elektron “XXI asrda ilm – fan taraqqiyotining rivojlanish istiqbollari va ularda innovatsiyalarning tutgan o’rni” mavzusidagi respublika 2-onlayn konfrensiya materiallari. 2019 y., 317-318 b.

3. Azizov M.S. Qobiljonova D. Ikkinnchi tartibli bir jinsli bo’limgan buziladigan bir oddiy differensial tenglama ikki nuqtali chegaraviy masala // “Fan va ta’lim-tarbiyaning dolzarb masalalari” respublika ilmiy-amaliy anjumani materiallari, Nukus 2019 y. 151-152 b.

4. Azizov M.S. Qobiljonova D. Ikkinchchi tartibli bir jinsli bo’limgan singulyar koefitsiyentli bir oddiy differensial tenglama uchun 3-chejaraviy masala // “XXI asrda ilm – fan taraqqiyotining rivojlanish istiqbollari va ularda innovatsiyalarning tutgan o’rni” mavzusidagi respublika 3-onlayn konfrensiya materiallari. 20 aprel 2019. y., 317-318 b.

5. Азизов М.С. Кобилжонова Д. Краевая задача для неоднородного обыкновенного дифференциального уравнения второго порядка с сингулярным коэффициентом // Тезисы докладов Международной научной конференции на тему “Актуальные проблемы внедрения инновационной техники и технологий на пред-приятиях по производству строительных материалов, хим. промышленности и в смежных отраслях” Фергана, ФерПИ 24-25 май 2019 г., - С. 133-135.

6. Azizov M.S. Qobiljonova D. Singulyar koeffitsiyentli bir oddiy differential tenglama uchun 3- chegaraviy masalani Grin funksiyalari usuli bilan yechish // “Fundamental matematika muammolari va ularning tatbiqlari” mavzusidagi respublika konfrensiya materiallari Navoiy 25 may 2019 y., 133-135 b.

7. Azizov M.S. Qobiljonova D. Ikkinchil tartibli bir jinsli bo’lmagan buziladigan bir oddiy differential tenglama uchun to’rtinchil tur Bitsadze-Samarskiy masalasi // “XXI asrda ilm – fan taraqqiyotining rivojlanish istiqbollari va ularda innovatsiyalarning tutgan o’rni” mavzusidagi respublika 8-onlayn konfrensiya materiallari. 2019.y. 218-219 b.

8. Azizov M.S. Abdurasulov J.A. A boundary problem for the fourth order equation with a singular coefficient in a rectangular region // Тезисы докладов Международной научной конференции на тему «Современные проблемы дифференциальных уравнений и смежных разделов математики», Фергана 12-13 марта, 2020 г. -С.198-199.

9. Urinov A.K. and Azizov M.S. Boundary Value Problems for a Fourth Order Partial Differential Equation with an Unknown Right-hand Part // Lobachevskii Journal of Mathematics, 2021, Vol. 42, No. 3, pp. 632–640.

10. Azizov M.S. To’lqinboyeva M. Ikkinchil tartibli singulyar koeffitsientli yuklangan oddiy differential tenglama uchun ikki nuqtali chegaraviy masala // “Yoshlar yangi O’zbekiston, yangi renesans buniyodkorlari” mavzusidagi ilmiy-amaliy anjumani materiallari Farg’ona 2021 yil 18 iyun. 27-30 b.

11. Urinov A.K. and Azizov M.S. Boundary Problem for the Loaded Partial Differential Equations of Fourth Order // Lobachevskii Journal of Mathematics, 2021, Vol. 42, №. 3, pp. 621–631.